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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/768,154	02/02/2004	Hideki Yamamoto	118535	6416
	7590 11/15/2007 PIDGE PLC	EXAMINER		
OLIFF & BERRIDGE, PLC P.O. BOX 320850			WILLS, MONIQUE M	
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22320-4850			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1,795	
•			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/15/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary		Application No.	Applicant(s)	Applicant(s)			
		10/768,154	УАМАМОТО, Н І	YAMAMOTO, HIDEKI			
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Monique M. Wills	1795				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication a or Reply	appears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence a	address			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REID HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING assions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state reply received by the Office later than three months after the material part of the material period for reply will. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	B DATE OF THIS COMMU R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may iod will apply and will expire SIX (6) Matute, cause the application to become	NICATION. y a reply be timely filed MONTHS from the mailing date of this e ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status			ب				
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2/	/4/03					
•	•	his action is non-final.		•			
3)	Since this application is in condition for allow	plication is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	ion of Claims						
4)⊠	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
-	⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are rejected.						
·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	d/or election requirement.					
Applicat	ion Papers						
9)[The specification is objected to by the Exam	iner.					
10)⊠	10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>02 February 2004</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority (ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority docume		·				
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the p	•	en received in this Nationa	al Stage			
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
- 3	See the attached detailed Office action for a	list of the certified copies r	not received.				
Attachmen	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Intervie	ew Summary (PTO-413)				
2) Notice	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper	No(s)/Mail Date				
	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date <u>6/23/04 & 8/12/05</u> .	5) Notice 6) Other:	of Informal Patent Application				
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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

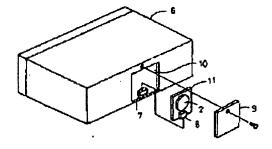
The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1 & 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by JP 4-105590.

JP 4-105590 teaches a structure for mounting a backup battery, comprising a storage portion provide in a body of an apparatus and includes a recess, which opens of the outside of the apparatus and stores the backup battery therein; and a cover which is attached to the body of the apparatus to cover the backup battery put in the recess. A partition wall (10) separates the storage portion from the inside of the apparatus. See Figure 1.



Therefore the instant claims are anticipated by JP 4-105590.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 3-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over JP 4-105590 in view of Miyazawa et al. JP 09-0263555.

JP 4-105590 teaches a battery mounting structure as described in the rejection recited herein above. With respect o the intended use limitations of claims 10- 13,

It has been held that a recitation with respect to the manner in which a claimed apparatus is intended to be employed does not differentiation the claimed apparatus from a prior art apparatus satisfying the claimed structural limitations. Ex Parte Masham, 2 USPQ F.2d 1647 (1987). Therefore, although the limitations have been considered they are not given patentable weight, as they do not differentiate the claimed apparatus from JP 4-105590. While intended use recitations and other types of functional language cannot be entirely disregarded. However, in apparatus, article, and composition claims, intended use must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. In a claim drawn to a process of making, the

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intended use must result in a manipulative difference as compared to the prior art. In re Casey, 370 F.2d 576, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967); In re Otto, 312 F.2d 937, 938, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963). Claims directed to apparatus must be distinguished from the prior art in terms of structure rather than function. In re Danly, 263 F.2d 844, 847, 120 USPQ 528, 531 (CCPA 1959). See also MPEP § 2114. The manner of operating the device does not differentiate an apparatus claim from the prior art. A claim containing a "recitation with respect to the manner in which a claimed apparatus is intended to be employed does not differentiate the claimed apparatus from a prior art apparatus" if the prior art apparatus teaches all the structural limitations of the claim. Ex parte Masham, 2 USPQ2d 1647 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1987).

However, JP 4-105590 does not expressly disclose a circuit board built in the apparatus, including a lead wire connection portion to the backup battery. The reference is also silent to the connection power between the circuit board and the lead wire comprising a male-female fitting connection.

Miyazawa et al. teaches a battery holder with a circuit board, wherein a pair of lead wires are connected to the thermals. See Figure 1.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the instant invention was made to employ the circuit board lead wire connection of Miyazawa in the structure of JP 4-105590, in order to mount intereconnect components of electrical devices.

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With respect to the male-female fitting connections, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the instant invention was made to employ male-female fitting parts in order provide a secure connection between attachments.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to Monique Wills whose telephone number is (571) 272-1309. The Examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8:30am to 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Patrick Ryan, may be reached at 571-272-1292. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-

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direct.uspto.gov.Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

MW

11/12/07

MARK PUTHKOSKY BRIMARY EXAMINER

11.13.200